Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 - United Kingdom (UK)

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNOCOAT 1676-03 - NCS S 9000-N

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking 1.1 Product identifier Product name Product name : TEKNOCOAT 1676-03 - NCS S 9000-N 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Product description Product description : Paint. 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS National contact Teknos (UK) Limited, 7 Longlands Rd, Bicester, Oxfordshire OX26 5AH, United Kingdom. Tel. +44 (0) 1869 208005.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Telephone number** : Teknos UK Limited; TEL: +44 1608 683 494; Opening hours: MON-FRI, 7am – 6pm.

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

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See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statements	1226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. 1318 - Causes serious eye damage. 1336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Precautionary statements		
General	Not applicable.	
Prevention	280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. 210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and o cources. No smoking.	other ignition

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Response	: P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
	P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
Storage	P305 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: n-Butyl acetate Butan-1-ol
Supplemental label elements	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Urea-formaldehyde-polymer	CAS: 68002-18-6	≤10	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	[1]
Melamine P/W formaldehyde, butylated	CAS: 68002-25-5	≤10	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	[1]
Butan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
Ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119457610-43 EC: 200-578-6 CAS: 64-17-5 Index: 603-002-00-5	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

easures
: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Over-exposure signs/s	symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

SECTION 4: First aid	l measures
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
4.3 Indication of any immed	iate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefigh	ting measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising	from the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous combustion products	: In a fire, decomposition may produce toxic gases/fumes.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

## SECTION 6<sup>.</sup> Accidental release measures

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Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	<ul> <li>See Section 1 for emergency contact information.</li> <li>See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.</li> <li>See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.</li> </ul>

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

#### **Danger criteria**

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000	50000

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

: Not available.

Recommendations
Industrial sector specific
solutions

: Not available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

## 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No DNELs/DMELs available. PNECs No PNECs available	Product/ingredie	nt name	Exposure limit values
Butan-1-ol       FTEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. EH402005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 154 mg/m² 16 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.         Ethanol       If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory procedures         Recommended monitoring procedures       If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 699 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application to chemical agents for procedure for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference should (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedure for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference should be well documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         DNELs/DMELs       I Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborme contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equ	n-Butyl acetate		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018).
Butan-1-ol       TWA: 724 mg/m² 8 hours.         Butan-1-ol       TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.         EtHa0/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin.       STEL: 154 mg/m² 15 minutes.         Ethanol       STEL: 50 ppm 16 minutes.         Etha0/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018).       TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.         TWA: 1920 mg/m² 8 hours.       TWA: 1920 mg/m² 8 hours.         Recommended monitoring procedures       If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 1404 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidanc for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents PL european Standard EN 1404 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidanc for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents). European Standard EN 1404 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidanc for the ensurement strategot agents). European Standard EN 1402 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidanc for the measures of the ventilation of hazardous substances will also be required.         DNELs/DMELs       No DNELs/DMELs available.         2       Exposure controls         Appropriate engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosion-provide ventilations below any lower explosion/ or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contraminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust			
Butan-1-ol       TWA: 150 pm 8 hours.         Butan-1-ol       EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin.         STEL: 154 mg/m² 15 minutes.       STEL: 50 pm 15 minutes.         Ethanol       EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018).         Recommended monitoring procedures       :         If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.         Recommended monitoring :       :         If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.         Recommended monitoring the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         DNELs/DMELs       No DNELs/DMELs available.         2       Exposure controls         Appropriate engineering controls to keep gas, yapour or dust concentrations below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, yapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof venti			
Butan-1-ol       EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin.         STEL: 154 mg/m <sup>2</sup> 15 minutes.       STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.         Ethanol       STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.         Recommended monitoring rocedures       If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmosphere - Guidane for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guiden for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         DNELs/DMELs       Voorkplace atmospheres - Guiden for the englescience is a standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guiden for the englescience of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         DNELs/DMELs       No DNELs/DMELs available.         PHECs       No PNECs available         2 Exposure controls       Appropriate engineering controls to keep gas, yapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Individual protection measures			
Ethanol       STEL: 154 mg/m² 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.         Recommended monitoring procedures       : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidon or the assessment of exposure by inhaliton to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guido for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedure for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         DNELs/DMELs No PNECs available       : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to aithome controls also need to keep gas, yapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Individual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, amoking and using the lawatory and at the end of the working period Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showe	Butan-1-ol		
Ethanol       STEL: 154 mg/m³ 15 minutes.         Ethanol       STEL: 50 ppn 15 minutes.         Recommended monitoring       :       If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 1492 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents). European Standard EN 442 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         DNELs/DMELs       No DNELs/DMELs available.         2       Exposure controls         Appropriate engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Individual protection measures       :       Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.         Hygiene measures       :       Wash hands, forearms and face thoroug			
Ethanol       EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). TWA: 1000 pmg 8 hours. TWA: 10920 mg/m³ 8 hours.         Recommended monitoring       :       If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following. European Standard EN 889 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy). European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedure for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         DNELs/DMELs       No DNELs/DMELs available.         2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures         Hygiene measures       :       Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate technique sshould be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eyelface protection			STEL: 154 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.         TWA: 1920 mg/m <sup>8</sup> 8 hours.         Recommended monitoring procedures         if this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be manospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by chemical agents) European Standard EN 442 (Workplace atmospheres - Guida for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 442 (Workplace atmospheres - Guida for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         DNELs/DMELs       No DNELs/DMELs available         2 Exposure controls       Foreposite angineering controls to keep worker exposure to alitorne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.         Individual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughy after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers			
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procedures       atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical adgents). European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedure for the measurement of chemical adgents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         DNELs/DMELs       No DNELs/DMELs available.         2 Exposure controls       Appropriate engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborme controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any leower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation requipement.         Individual protection measures       Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eye/face protection       : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to clothing Wash contaminated clothing defore reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety sh			
procedures       atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical adgents). European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedure for the measurement of chemical adgents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.         DNELs/DMELs       No DNELs/DMELs available.         2 Exposure controls       Appropriate engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborme controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any leower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation requipement.         Individual protection measures       Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eye/face protection       : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to clothing Wash contaminated clothing defore reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety sh	Pacammandad manitaring	If this product	contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace
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goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.			
required instead.			
	Skin protection	•	

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. < 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Refer to European Standard EN 14605 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	Filter type: A spray application Filter type: A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

	20 N	
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): >2.2 cm <sup>2</sup> /s	
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.	
Solubility(ies)	: Not available.	
Density	: 1 kg/l	
Vapour density	: Not available.	
Vapour pressure	: Not available.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 19%	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.	
Evaporation rate	: Not available.	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 28°C	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.	
рН	: Not available.	
Odour threshold	: Not available.	
Odour	: Slight	
Colour	: Various	
Physical state	: Liquid.	
<u>Appearance</u>		

Date of issue/Date of revision

:08/01/2019

SECTION 9: Physica	I and chemical properties
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
9.2 Other information	
VOC	: 444 g/l
Solubility in water	: Not available.
No additional information.	
SECTION 10: Stabilit	y and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapour	LC50 Inhalation Gas.RatLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 OralRatLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLC50 Inhalation VapourRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRat	LC50 Inhalation Gas.Rat390 ppmLD50 DermalRabbit14112 mg/kgLD50 OralRat10760 mg/kgLD50 DermalRabbit>5 g/kgLD50 OralRat>5 g/kgLD50 OralRat24000 mg/m³LD50 DermalRabbit3400 mg/kgLD50 DermalRat790 mg/kgLD50 OralRat790 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classAcute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	16421.4 mg/kg

## Irritation/Corrosion

Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit	-	100 milligrams 24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Rabbit		04 haven 400	
	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-
Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
Rabbit	-	0.005 Mililiters	-
-			abbit - 24 hours 2 milligrams abbit - 0.005

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 03/04/2019 Date of previous issue

:08/01/2019

SECTION 11: Toxico	ological information				
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
Ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667	-
				minutes 100	
	Europ Madagata invitant	Dabbit		milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	500	_
		Rabbit		milligrams	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification c	riteria are	not met.	
Sensitisation					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Reproductive toxicity					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Teratogenicity					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b> : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.					
Specific target organ toxic	<u>ity (single exposure)</u>				

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl acetate Butan-1-ol	Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

## Aspiration hazard

Not available.

## Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the phys	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness

<b>SECTION 11: Toxicol</b>	<b>O</b>	gical information
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>ts</u>	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Other information

: Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Butan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1983000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia	48 hours
		franciscana - Larvae	
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae	12 weeks

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
Butan-1-ol	1	-	low
Ethanol	-0.35	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment			
PBT	: Not applicable.		
vPvB	: Not applicable.		

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods <u>Product</u>

TTOULOL		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	1	The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	:	080111
Packaging		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	:	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
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SECTION 14: Transport information				
14.4 Packing group				
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Tunnel code (D/E)	-	-	-

**14.6 Special precautions for user**: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

# Marpol and the IBC Code

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

#### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture,

placing on the market

and use of certain dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles

## Other EU regulations

**Europe inventory** : Not determined.

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Black List Chemicals

(76/464/EEC)

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU) Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### Danger criteria

Category P5c

## International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

## Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

## Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical	safety
assessment	

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number</li> </ul>
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Eye Dam. 1, H318	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method	

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.	

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H302	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
EÜH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye Dam. 1, H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT SE 3, H335	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
STOT SE 3, H336	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

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#### Notice to reader

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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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